



MAKHTESHIM
A G A N
NORTH AMERICA



Arrow[®] 2 EC

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Clethodim: (E)-2-[1-[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-

5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one 26.4%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 73.6%

TOTAL 100.0%

% BY WT.

Contains petroleum distillate. Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

Contains clethodim, the active ingredient used in Select[®] herbicide and Prism[®] herbicide.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not manufactured or distributed by Valent U.S.A. Corporation.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.

(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)



Manufactured For:
Makhteshim Agan
of North America, Inc.
4515 Falls of Neuse Road
Suite 300
Raleigh, NC 27609

For additional precautionary, handling and use statements, and First Aid instructions, see inside of this booklet.

M A N A

11998
EPA 021208/Notif 012309/Rev A

EPA Reg. No. 66222-60

EPA Est. No. 5905-GA-001^{HC}; 11603-ISR-01^A; 37429-GA-001^{EF}; 37429-GA-002⁹⁰; 34704-MS-001^{PS}

Letter(s) in lot number correspond(s) to superscript in EPA Est. No.

Net Contents: 1 Gallon

FIRST AID	
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid which can cause pneumonitis. Contains petroleum distillate.	

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **G** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or Viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass	Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.
Wild Rice	Hays County, Texas

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate or Viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated area without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor. Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

GENERAL INFORMATION

FOR USE ON: Alfalfa, Asparagus, Beans and Peas (dry shelled)¹, Beans and Peas (succulent)², Broccoli, Cabbage, Canola*, Carrots, Cauliflower (and Other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)³, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton, Cranberries, Cucumber, Eggplant (and Other Fruiting Vegetables)⁴, Fallow Land (and Other Non-Producing Agricultural Areas), Flax*, Garden Beets, Garlic, Herbs⁵, Hops, Horseradish (and Other Root Vegetables)⁶, Legume Vegetables (edible-podded)⁷, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and Other Leafy Greens)⁸, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)⁹, Mint, Mustard Greens (and Other Leafy Brassica Greens)¹⁰, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulbs and green), Ornamentals, Peanuts (including perennial)*, Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potatoes, Radishes, Rhubarb (and Other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Squash (including Pumpkins)⁹, Soybeans, Strawberries, Sugarbeets, Sunflowers, Sweet Potatoes, Tomatoes and Yams (and Other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹²

*** Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling allowing use in California.**

- ¹ Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: Beans (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Beans (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Beans (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki beans, black-eyed peas, catjang, cowpeas, crowder peas, moth beans, mung beans, rice beans, Southern peas, urd beans, broad (dry), chickpeas (garbanzo), guar, lablab beans and lentils; Peas (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon.
- ² Other Succulent Bean and Pea Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: Beans (*Lupinus* spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Beans (*Phaseolus* spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Beans (*Vigna* spp.), adzuki beans, black-eyed peas, catjang, cowpeas, crowder peas, moth beans, mung beans, rice beans, Southern peas, urd beans, broad (dry), chickpeas (garbanzo), guar, lablab beans and lentils; Peas (*Pisum* spp.), field and pigeon.
- ³ Other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: Chinese broccoli; Brussels sprouts; Chinese (Napa) cabbage; Chinese mustard; cavalo broccolo; and kohlrabi.
- ⁴ Other Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomatoes) approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo.
- ⁵ Other Herb Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, chamomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*Origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.
- ⁶ Other Root Vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radishes, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret, and turnips.
- ⁷ Other Edible-Podded Legume Vegetable Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: Beans (*Phaseolus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Beans (*Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbeans, moth, yardlong, jackbeans; Peas (*Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword beans.
- ⁸ Other Leafy Greens Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (rocket), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand) and vine (Indian and malabar).
- ⁹ Other Cucurbit Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: chayote (fruit), Chinese wax gourds, citron melons, edible gourds, Gherkin and muskmelons (all) including honeydew melons.
- ¹⁰ Other Leafy Brassica Greens approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens and turnip greens.
- ¹¹ Other Leaf Petiole Crops approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.

¹² Other Tuber and Corm Vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: arracacha, arrow-root, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric, and bean yam.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. Arrow 2 EC Herbicide does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

Repeated use of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (or similar postemergence grass herbicide with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.

If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

Do not allow Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to come in contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

Control Symptoms

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days after application depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide postemergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture or hot or cold temperatures or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide should be applied as soon as possible after an irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY Arrow 2 EC Herbicide if rainfall is expected within one hour since control may be reduced.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
<p>Alfalfa, Cotton, Dry Shelled Beans and Peas, Edible-Podded Legume Vegetables, Peanuts (including perennial), Potatoes, Soybeans, Succulent Beans & Peas, Sugar Beets, Sunflowers</p>	<p>Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air.</p> <p>1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including: quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p>
<p>Asparagus, Canola, Carrots, Clover, Cranberries, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomatoes), Garden Beets, Garlic, Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables, Herbs, Hops, Leaf Petioles, Leafy Brassica Greens, Leafy Greens, Mint, Mustard Seed, Onions (dry bulbs and green), Root Vegetables, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Strawberries, Sweet Potatoes (Yams and Other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables except Potatoes)</p>	<p>Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise.</p> <p>Addition of liquid fertilizer is not recommended for these crops.</p>

(continued on next page)

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE *(continued)*

CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
Non-Bearing Food Crops, Ornamental Plants	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and Other Non-Producing Agricultural Areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

* Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: ultra narrow row cotton, narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure, or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green) should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop foliage becomes dense.

For onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green): When applying by air do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

In states other than California, air application to onions, garlic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Note: Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied to onions, garlic, or shallots with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix 1/4% to 1/2% (0.33 oz. to 0.65 oz. per gal.) Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and treat to wet vegetation while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 1/4% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume.

Note: If Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION

ONIONS (Dry Bulbs and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

Do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington.

This product may be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the high rate recommended for annual grasses (16 fl. oz./A) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that Arrow 2 EC Herbicide be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Use Precautions

1. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
6. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum-relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally-closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
11. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

GENERAL

Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.

Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide or reduced grass control may result.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

For canola, do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.08 lb. ai) per acre per season. For clover, flax, mustard seed and radish crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season. For all other crops, do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.50 lb. ai) per acre per season (except where state-specific restrictions are noted).

Application on Long Island, New York is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide **per application** to the following crops: asparagus, brassica vegetables (head and stem), beans (succulent), carrots, cranberries, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), garden beets, green onions, herbs, hops, leafy petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, legume vegetables (edible-podded), non-bearing food crops, peas (dry shelled), peas (succulent), root vegetables, safflower, sesame, and strawberries.

Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to canola or mustard seed. For all other crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per application (except where state-specific restrictions are noted). **Exceeding these recommendations may result in unacceptable crop injury.**

Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity, and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate Arrow 2 EC Herbicide effectively and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.

Best perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up results in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than two Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.

Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that before applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

Tank mixes of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be necessary.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT

Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift including:

- Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive. Do not spray if wind speed is 10 MPH or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions. Do not spray if winds are gusty.

- Use extreme caution when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought, low relative humidity), especially when sensitive plants are located nearby.
- Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.
- Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:
 1. Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
 2. Orienting nozzles straight back with the wind stream using straight stream orifices for aerial applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.
 3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.
 4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption.

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Alfalfa (including Sainfoin, Holy Clover, Birdsfoot Trefoil) ⁽³⁾	6 – 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁴⁾	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to tank mix partners for feeding, grazing, and harvesting restrictions. ^(5, 6) The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay.
Asparagus	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. In California: Do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. per acre (0.5 lb. ai/A) per season. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 1 day.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
<p>Beans, Dry Shelled <i>including:</i> Beans (<i>Lupinus</i> spp.) Grain, Sweet, White, White Sweet</p> <p>Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Field, Kidney, Lima (dry), Navy, Pinto, Tepary</p> <p>Beans (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Adzuki Beans, Black- eyed Peas, Catjang, Cowpeas, Crowder Peas, Moth Beans, Mung Beans, Rice Beans, Southern Peas, Urd Beans, Broad (dry), Chickpeas (garbanzo), Guar, Lablab Beans, Lentils</p>	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	<p>Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. per acre per application.</p> <p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.</p> <p>The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.</p>
<p>Beans, Succulent <i>including:</i> Beans (<i>Phaseolus</i> spp.) Broad Beans (succulent), Lima Beans (green)</p> <p>Beans (<i>Vigna</i> spp.) Black-eyed Peas, Cowpeas, Southern Peas</p>	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	<p>Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.</p> <p>Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season.</p> <p>The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.</p> <p>The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 21 days.</p>

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Beets, Garden	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Canola* *Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling allowing use in California.	4 – 6 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.08 lb. ai) per acre in a season. Do not exceed 6 fl. oz./A in a season. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 70 days.
Carrots	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Clover (Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only)	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Cotton	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult- to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 60 days.
Cranberries	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. Do not apply between the “hook” stage and full fruit set. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Cucurbits <i>including:</i> Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourds, Citron Melons, Cucumbers, Gherkin, Gourds (edible), Muskmelons (all) <i>including:</i> Cantaloupes, Honeydew Melons, Pumpkins, Squash (all), Watermelons	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 14 days.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Fallow Land, Conifer Trees (and Other Non-Producing Agricultural Areas) Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier	Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is registered for use in that crop.
Flax* *Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling allowing use in California.	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per acre per application. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. per acre in a season. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 60 days.
Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomatoes) <i>including:</i> Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Peppers (all), Tomatillo	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 20 days.
Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables <i>including:</i> Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
<p>Herbs <i>including:</i> Angelica, Balm, Basil, Borage, Burnet, Chamomile, Catnip, Chervil (dried), Chive, Chive (Chinese), Clary, Coriander (leaf), Costmary, Culantro (leaf), Curry (leaf), Dill (dillweed), Horehound, Hyssop, Lavender, Lovage (leaf), Marigold, Marjoram (<i>Origanum</i> spp.), Nasturtium, Parsley (dried), Pennyroyal, Rosemary, Rue, Sage, Savory (Summer and Winter)</p>	<p>6 – 8 fl. oz.</p>	<p>1% v/v in the finished spray volume</p>	<p>Arrow 2 EC Herbicide has not been tested on all herbs and herb varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test Arrow 2 EC Herbicide on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field.</p> <p>Crop tolerance should be verified to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide on a small area of the herb crop at the desired Arrow 2 EC Herbicide rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the herb field. If no crop response is evident seven (7) days after treatment, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the tolerance test.</p> <p>Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application.</p> <p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 14 days.</p>
<p>Hops</p>	<p>6 – 8 fl. oz.</p>	<p>1% v/v in the finished spray volume</p>	<p>Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.</p> <p>For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.</p> <p>The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 21 days.</p>

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Leaf Petioles <i>including:</i> Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chinese Celery, Fennel, Florence (finocchio), Rhubarb, Swiss Chard	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Leafy Brassica Greens <i>including:</i> Broccoli Raab; Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy); Collards; Kale; Mizuna; Mustard Greens; Mustard Spinach; Rape Greens; Turnip Greens	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 14 days.
Leafy Greens <i>including:</i> Amaranth: Chinese Spinach, Leafy Amaranth, Tampala; Arugula (roquette); Chervil; Chrysanthemum (edible- leaved); Chrysanthemum, Garland; Corn Salad; Cress: Garden, Upland (yellow rock and winter); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Lettuce, Head and Leaf; Orach; Parsley; Purslane: Garden, Winter; Radicchio (red chicory); Spinach: New Zealand, Vine (Indian and malabar)	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 14 days.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Onions (dry bulbs only) Garlic Shallots (dry bulbs only)	6 – 16 fl. oz. ^(7, 8)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire U.S. Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air in California. ⁽⁹⁾ In states other than California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10 gals. per acre. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 45 days.
Onions, Green <i>including:</i> Leeks, Scallions, or Spring Onions, Japanese Bunching Onions, Green Shallots, Green Eschalots	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 14 days.
Ornamentals	6 – 16 fl. oz.	Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.
Non-Bearing Food Crops	6 – 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁸⁾	See SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application to non- bearing food crops.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Peas, Dry Shelled <i>including:</i> Peas (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Field, Pigeon	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt. per acre) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season. Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. ⁽¹⁰⁾ Refer to the appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including: quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Peas, Succulent <i>including:</i> Peas (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) English Peas, Garden Peas, Green Peas, Pigeon Peas	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt. per acre) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season. Apply before bloom but not later than 21 days prior to harvest. ⁽¹⁰⁾ Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including: quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 21 days.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Peanuts (including Perennial)* *Not for use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental label.	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult- to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 40 days.
Potatoes	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult- to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Radishes	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 15 days.
Root Vegetables (except Radishes) <i>including:</i> Chicory, Ginseng, Horseradish, Turnip	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Safflower	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 70 days.
Sesame	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply during flowering. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz. per acre in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 14 days.
Soybeans	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult-to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 60 days.
Strawberries	6 – 8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 4 days.

(continued on next page)

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE *(continued)*

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE ⁽²⁾	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Sugar Beets	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult- to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 40 days.
Sunflowers	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult- to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 70 days.
Sweet Potatoes, Yams, and Other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (except Potatoes) <i>including:</i> Artichoke Chinese, Jerusalem Cassava Bitter, Sweet Ginger	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult- to-control species including quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 30 days.
Tomatoes	6 – 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For repeat applications, make on a minimum of a 14-day interval. The Preharvest Interval (PHI) is 20 days.

N/A= Not Applicable

- (1) Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.
- (2) Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the *ADDITION OF ADJUVANT AND CROP OIL CONCENTRATE* section for further information.
- (3) Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop, or direct grazing.
- (4) For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz. per acre.
- (5) 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate.
- (6) Do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60-day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.
- (7) For ground applications to garlic or shallots, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For air applications to onions, garlic, or shallots, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For garlic and shallots, do not exceed 2 applications per season. In California for air applications to onions, do not exceed 2 applications per season.
- (8) If Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment to onions, garlic, shallots, or non-bearing food crops, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a PER ACRE basis or crop injury may occur.
- (9) In California, do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to onions, garlic, or shallots until crop has at least two full leaves. In California, 14-day spray intervals are recommended between the application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and Liquid Nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.
- (10) Applications of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury including loss of yield and delayed maturity.

IMPORTANT: Plant tolerance to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is improperly applied. Arrow 2 EC Herbicide should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	<i>Malus</i> spp.	Olives	<i>Olea</i> spp.
Berries	<i>Vaccinium</i> spp.	Peaches	<i>Prunus persica</i>
	<i>Rubus</i> spp.	Pears	<i>Pyrus communis</i>
Cherries, Sweet	<i>Prunus avium</i>	Prunes	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Citrus Fruits	<i>Citrus</i> spp.	Stone Fruits	<i>Prunus</i> spp.
Grapes	<i>Vitis</i> spp.	Strawberries	<i>Fragaria</i> spp.
Tree Nuts:			
Almonds	<i>Prunus triloba</i>	Pistachios	<i>Pistacia vera</i>
Filberts	<i>Corylus maxima</i>	Walnuts	<i>Juglans</i> spp.
Pecans	<i>Carya illinoensis</i>		

CONIFER TREES

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Hemlock, Canadian	<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>
Cedars	<i>Cedrus</i> spp.	Hemlock, Western	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>
Cypress	<i>Taxodium</i> spp.	Pines	<i>Pinus</i> spp.
Douglas Fir	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Spruce	<i>Picea</i> spp.
Firs	<i>Abies</i> spp.	Yew	<i>Taxus</i> spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations, around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest croplands, also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrots, cranberries, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), garden beets, green onions, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame, and strawberries. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. per acre of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to canola or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ⁽¹⁾
BARNYARDGRASS	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	2 to 8	6	8
BROADLEAF SIGNALGRASS	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	2 to 6	6	8
BROME				
California	<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
CANARYGRASS	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	1 to 4	6	8
CRABGRASS				
Hairy	<i>Digitaria adscendens</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
CROWFOOTGRASS	<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	2 to 6**	6	8

(continued on next page)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (continued)

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ⁽¹⁾
FALL PANICUM	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	2 to 8	6	8
FIELD SANDBUR	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>	2 to 6	6	8
FOXTAIL				
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	2 to 12	6	8
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	2 to 8	6	8
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	2 to 8	6	8
GOOSEGRASS	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	2 to 6**	6	8
ITCHGRASS	<i>Rottboellia cochinchinensis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
JUNGLERICE	<i>Echinochloa colona</i>	2 to 6	6	8
LOVEGRASS (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
RABBITSFOOTGRASS	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	1 to 4	6	8
RED RICE	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	1 to 3	6	8
RYEGRASS				
Hardy	<i>Lolium remotum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Italian	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	4 to 10	6	8
SHATTERCANE	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	6 to 18	6	8
SOUTHWESTERN CUPGRASS	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
SPRANGLETOP				
Amazon	<i>Leptochloa panicoides</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>	2 to 6	6	8
TEXAS PANICUM	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	2 to 6	6	8

(continued on next page)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (continued)

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE ⁽¹⁾
VOLUNTEER CEREALS ⁽²⁾				
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>	2 to 6	6	8
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	2 to 6	6	8
VOLUNTEER CORN ⁽³⁾	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	4	6
VOLUNTEER CORN ⁽³⁾	<i>Zea mays</i>	12 to 24	6	8
VOLUNTEER CORN S.R. ⁽⁴⁾	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	8 – suppression only	
VOLUNTEER GRAIN SORGHUM	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	8 to 12	6	8
WILD OATS	<i>Avena fatua</i>	2 to 6	6	8
WILD PROSO MILLET	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	2 to 10	6	8
WITCHGRASS	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	2 to 8	6	8
WOOLLY CUPGRASS	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>	2 to 8	6	8

* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering

** Length of lateral growth

- (1) Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A may be applied. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrots, cranberries, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), garden beets, green onions, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame, and strawberries. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. per acre of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to canola or mustard seed.
- (2) When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum Arrow 2 EC Herbicide use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A.
- (3) Includes Roundup-Ready®, Liberty Link®, and IMI-CORN® VOLUNTEER CORN.
- (4) Sethoxydim-resistant volunteer corn.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual & Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10	16

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed, it becomes tougher to control as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Aerial Application: Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendation for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated. If a grass has been cut, apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may vary from region to region.

Also some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule, spray spring- and summer-germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermuda-grass, johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley, and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE
ANNUAL BLUEGRASS (<i>Poa annua</i>)	to 4-leaf	6*	16
<p>Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).</p> <p>Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.</p> <p>Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.</p> <p>Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.</p>			

* Use a minimum of 10 fl. oz. per acre to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint.

DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA, DRY SHELLED BEANS AND PEAS (INCLUDING SOYBEANS), EDIBLE-PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCULENT BEANS AND PEAS, AND SUGAR BEETS (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low or high temperatures, and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (INCHES)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾
BARNYARDGRASS	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	1 to 4	4
BROADLEAF SIGNALGRASS	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	1 to 4	5
CRABGRASS			
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	1 to 3*	4
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	1 to 4*	5
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	1 to 3*	4
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	1 to 4*	5
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	1 to 4*	5
FALL PANICUM	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	1 to 4	4

(continued on next page)

**DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA,
 DRY SHELLED BEANS AND PEAS (INCLUDING SOYBEANS), EDIBLE-PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES,
 FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT BEANS AND PEAS, AND SUGAR BEETS
 (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA) (continued)**

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (INCHES)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE⁽¹⁾
FOXTAIL			
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	1 to 4	4
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	1 to 4	4
Millet	<i>Setaria italica</i>	1 to 4	5
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	1 to 4	4
SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	1 to 6	5
SHATTERCANES	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	4 to 10	4
TEXAS PANICUM	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	1 to 4	5
VOLUNTEER CEREALS			
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	1 to 4	5
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	1 to 4	5
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	1 to 4	5
VOLUNTEER CORN**	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	4
WILD PROSO MILLET	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	1 to 6	4
WILD OATS	<i>Avena fatua</i>	1 to 4	5

* Length of lateral growth

** Not S. R. Corn

⁽¹⁾ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at a maximum height.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrots, cranberries, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), garden beets, green onions, head & stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame, and strawberries. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. per acre of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to canola, flax, or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (INCHES)	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Fescue, Tall (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Foxtail Barley (<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>)			
First Application	2 to 6	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8	16
Orchardgrass (<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Quackgrass* (<i>Elytrigia repens</i>)			
First Application	4 to 12	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Perennial Bluegrass* [Roughstalk (<i>Poa trivialis</i>)] [Kentucky (<i>Poa pratensis</i>)]			
First Application	2 to 4	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	8	16
Bentgrass* (<i>Agrostis</i> spp.)			
First Application	2 to 4	—	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	—	16

* Control of quackgrass and perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A.

TANK MIXES

GENERAL INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

1. Geographic restrictions – all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
2. Crop rotation restrictions;
3. Applicator certification requirements;
4. Worker safety rules (e.g. protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
5. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g. pH, OM);
6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per season;
7. Rain-free period required; or
8. Application timing (e.g. pre-harvest interval)
9. Do not exceed the total season rates.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix Arrow 2 EC Herbicide when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
2. While agitating, add the correct amount of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action of the water surface.
3. If tank mixing Arrow 2 EC Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operations.
4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrates, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until all spray solution has been applied.

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

Table 1. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + 2,4-DB ⁽⁴⁾	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to 2,4-DB label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to 2,4-DB label	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Pursuit DG ⁽⁵⁾ OR Pursuit ⁽⁵⁾	10 to 16 fl. oz. + 1.08 to 2.16 oz. OR 3 to 6 fl. oz.	—	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Buctril® 2L ^(6,7)	10 to 16 fl. oz. + 1 to 1.5 pts.	—	0.5%	0.5%

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

- (2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- (4) Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.
- (5) Before using this tank mix, read and understand the Pursuit or Pursuit DG labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. Do not feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application of Pursuit to alfalfa.
- (6) In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: The Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Buctril tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliates. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliolate leaf stage. Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Buctril applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80° F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. In the states not listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliolate leaves. When alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliolate or smaller stage of growth. Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Buctril applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70° F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Buctril application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.
- (7) Do not apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.

CANOLA

Table 2. REDUCED RATE ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CANOLA
(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		AMMONIUM SULFATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽²⁾ + Liberty ⁽³⁾	4 to 5 fl. oz. + 34 fl. oz.	—	3 lbs.	3 lbs.

- (1) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** Table.
- (2) Do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.
- (3) For use only on Liberty Link® canola.

COTTON

Table 3. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® HERBICIDE AND MSMA APPLIED POST-DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + MSMA (4 lbs./gal.) OR MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.
	See Cobra label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label for weed height and species controlled.			
	See MSMA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label for weed height and species controlled.			

- ⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- ⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- ⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- ⁽⁴⁾ If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post-directed) application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be necessary.

Table 4. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL® 4 EC HERBICIDE TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE PER ACRE ⁽³⁾	COMMENTS ⁽⁷⁾
	ANNUAL GRASSES		
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Buctril 4 EC Herbicide ^(4, 5, 6)	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1 qt./A	See charts for grasses controlled.
	See Buctril 4 EC Herbicide label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.		

- ⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-Buctril tank mix.
- ⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.
- ⁽³⁾ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray solution.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Applications of Buctril 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil.
- ⁽⁵⁾ Do not apply the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Buctril tank mix within 75 days of harvest.
- ⁽⁶⁾ Do not exceed two applications of Buctril before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.
- ⁽⁷⁾ Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 5. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		ADJUVANT		COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation with built-in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built-in adjuvant	
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Glyphosate	6 to 8 fl. oz. See glyphosate label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.	8 to 16 fl. oz. See glyphosate label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	See charts for grasses controlled. Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.
⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate.					

DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS

Table 6. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS

(Refer to the recommendations tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Basagran®	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	1%	1%

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

FLAX

Table 7. REDUCED RATE ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR FLAX
(Refer to the recommended tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES PER ACRE		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Bronate Advanced™ ^(2, 3)	4 to 5 fl. oz. + 11. 4 fl. oz.	—	1 pt.	1 pt.
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Bronate® ^(2, 3)	4 to 5 fl. oz. + 0.9 pt.	—	1 pt.	1 pt.
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Buctril ^(2, 3)	4 to 5 fl. oz. + 1 pt.	—	1 pt.	1 pt.
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Rhonox® ^(2, 3)	4 to 5 fl. oz. + 0.25 to 0.5 pt.	—	1 pt.	1 pt.

⁽¹⁾ Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** Table.

⁽²⁾ Do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.

⁽³⁾ Do not apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85° F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may occur.

Table 8. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES ⁽³⁾ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEANS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT ACRE RATE ⁽¹⁾	GRASS HEIGHT	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽²⁾	28% N OR 32% N QTS./A OR 2.5 TO 4 LBS. AMS
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + 2,4-D Ester* ⁽³⁾	3 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3" Fall Panicum 1 to 3"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A or 2.5 to 4 lbs. AMS
	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4" Fall Panicum 1 to 4"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A or 2.5 to 4 lbs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. ai	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed)	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A or 2.5 to 4 lbs. AMS

* 2,4-D Ester should not be used where drift-sensitive crops may be grown.

- ⁽¹⁾ If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- ⁽²⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.
- ⁽³⁾ The following products can be tank mixed with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus 2,4-D Ester: Valor®, Authority® Broadleaf, Canopy XL®, Dual 8 E®, Dual II®, Dual Magnum®, Prowl®, Sencor®, and Sencor plus the Dual products and Turbo®.

Table 9. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS

(Refer to the recommended tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Cobra® Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 12.5 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 12.5 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Basagran® 4 SL	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Glyphosate (For use on Roundup-Ready soybeans only)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.75 to 3 lbs. ai	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 0.75 to 3 lbs. ai	0.5 to 1% ⁽⁴⁾	1% ⁽⁴⁾
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Ultra Blazer®	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 1 to 1.5 pts.	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 1 to 1.5 pts.	0.5 to 1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Flexstar® HL Herbicide ⁽⁶⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz. Refer to the Flexstar HL Herbicide label for specific application rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. Refer to the Flexstar HL Herbicide label for specific application rates.	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Classic® 25 DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 0.5 to 0.75 oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz. + 0.5 to 0.75 oz.	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + Pursuit® 70 DG	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 1.44 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 1.44 fl. oz.	1%	1%

(continued on next page)

Table 9. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS *(continued)*

PRODUCT⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + Classic 25 DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 to 0.75 oz.	—	0.5%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + Basagran 4 SL	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 6 to 10 fl. oz. + 1 to 1.5 pts.	—	0.5%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + Pursuit 70 DG	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 6 to 10 fl. oz. + 1.44 fl. oz.	—	0.5%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + Resource Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.	—	0.5%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + FirstRate®	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz.	1%	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + FirstRate	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz.	1%	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Raptor® (1 AS)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 4 to 5 fl. oz.	—	1%	—

(continued on next page)

Table 9. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS *(continued)*

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + Raptor (1 AS)	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. + 4 to 5 fl. oz.	—	1%	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Synchrony® STS™	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + 0.5 oz./A	—	1 qt./A	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Cobra Herbicide + Synchrony STS	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + 4 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 oz.	—	1 pt./A	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Resource Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 4 to 12 fl. oz.	—	1 qt./A	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾ + Frontrow™	8 to 10 fl. oz. + Refer to Frontrow label for use rates.	—	1%	—
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + FirstRate + Flexstar HL ⁽⁵⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz. + Refer to the Flexstar HL label for specific application rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz. + Refer to the Flexstar HL label for specific application rates.	1%	—

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

- (2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- (4) The addition of 2.5 lbs. of ammonium sulfate is required when product is tank mixed with glyphosate. If the glyphosate formulation has a stand alone built-in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v non-ionic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate. If the glyphosate formulation does not have a built-in adjuvant system, add 0.5 to 1% crop oil concentrate for ground application and 1% v/v for aerial application.
- (5) The addition of 1 to 2 qts. per acre of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is recommended when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is tank mixed with Pursuit, Resource, Storm, FirstRate, Synchrony, Raptor, Frontrow, Cobra plus Classic, Cobra plus Basagran, Cobra plus Pursuit, Cobra plus FirstRate, Cobra plus Synchrony, and Cobra plus Raptor. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs./acre) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.
- (6) Refer to Flexstar HL label for geographic and rotational restrictions.
- (7) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those which are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** Table.

Table 10. REDUCED-RATE ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS

(Refer to table for reduced-rate use in canola, dry shelled beans & peas, edible-podded legume vegetables, flax, mustard seed, soybeans, succulent beans & peas and sugar beets recommendations for small annual grasses for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ^(3, 4) (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽²⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + FirstRate	4 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz.	—	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Pursuit 70 DG	4 to 6 fl. oz. + 1.44 oz.	—	1%	1%

- (1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- (2) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the **DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES** Table.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt. per acre) in the finished spray volume.

- (4) The addition of 1 to 2 qts. per acre of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is required when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is tank mixed at reduced rates. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

PEANUTS (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

Table 11. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUTS

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Basagran	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	—	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Ultra Blazer	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 0.5 to 1.5 pts.	—	1%	1%
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Storm	8 to 10 fl. oz. + 1.5 pts.	—	1%	1%

- (1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- (2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

**RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUTS
(INCLUDING PERENNIAL) WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES."	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	16	32
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide for grass suppression. Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume. 			

Table 12. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH STINGER® HERBICIDE APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS
(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v	
+ Stinger Herbicide	See Stinger Herbicide label for rates.			

- ⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- ⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- ⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 13. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® OR BETANEX® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	WEEDS CONTROLLED		WEED HEIGHT	APPLICATION RATE/ACRE ⁽¹⁾
	Common Name	Scientific Name		
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide ⁽³⁾	Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	1 to 3"	8 fl. oz.
	Foxtail	<i>Setaria</i> spp.	1 to 3"	
	Foxtail Millet	<i>Setaria italica</i>	1 to 3"	
+	Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>	1 to 3"	
	Wild Proso Millet	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	1 to 3"	
Betamix			See Betamix label for rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.	
OR				
Betanex			See Betanex label for rates to control broadleaf weeds. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.	

⁽¹⁾ Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.

⁽²⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

⁽³⁾ If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

Table 14. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE PLUS BETANEX OR BETAMIX TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION)

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		METHYLATED SEED OIL ⁽²⁾ (V/V)	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	GRASSES CONTROLLED (inches)	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Betanex OR Betamix	2 to 3 fl. oz.	Green Foxtail (1 – 2)	1.5%	1.5%
	+ 8 to 12 fl. oz. ⁽³⁾	Yellow Foxtail (1 – 2)		
	OR	Barnyardgrass (1 – 2)		
	8 to 12 fl. oz. ⁽³⁾	Wild Oats (1 – 2)		
		Volunteer Cereals (1 – 2)		

⁽¹⁾ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

⁽²⁾ Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽³⁾ Use 8 fl. oz./A rate when sugar beets are in the cotyledon to 4-leaf stage. Rate can be increased up to 12 fl. oz./A when the smallest sugar beet plants in the field are in the 4 true-leaf stage.

Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beets

General Information

Multiple micro-rate applications of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide in tank mixtures with reduced rates of Betanex or Betamix and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beets to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. The rate of Betanex or Betamix must not exceed 0.12 lb. ai/A (broadcast application) when in combination with these spray adjuvants. Note that maximum rate allowed varies depending on crop growth stage. The use of wetting agents or spray adjuvants with conventional rates (0.73 to 1.22 lbs. ai/A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. ai/A) applications of Betanex or Betamix is prohibited on the Betanex and Betamix master label. Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control. All use precautions and restrictions on the Betanex and Betamix master labels must be followed.

Directions for Using Micro-Rate Multiple Applications of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide Tank Mixes

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A in tank mixture with either Betanex or Betamix following the directions for use on the tank mix partner label. A minimum of three sequential applications of 2 fl. oz./A or a minimum of 2 sequential applications of 3 fl. oz./A should be utilized for Arrow 2 EC Herbicide tank mixtures. A minimum of 3 sequential applications of Betamix or Betanex should be used. Accurate timing is essential; make initial application immediately after weeds emerge, and make repeat applications on 5- to 7-day intervals. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (6 to 8 fl. oz./A) and add rates of Betanex or Betamix as directed on their label. When using conventional rates of Betanex or Betamix in tank mixtures with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, a spray adjuvant is not recommended.

Use Precautions for Micro-Rate Applications: (See Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, Betanex, and Betamix master label for further use precautions.)

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Conventional rates of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, Betanex, or Betamix and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications. Methylated seed oils must not be added if the Betanex or Betamix rate exceeds 0.12 lb. ai/A broadcast, as the addition of methylated seed oils could increase the possibility of crop injury at dosage rates greater than 0.12 lb. ai/A.

GROUND APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals. and a maximum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 15. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEETS

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Eminent®	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 13 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 13 fl. oz.	1%

⁽¹⁾ If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix fungicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽²⁾ Refer to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUTS (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEANS, AND SUNFLOWERS

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONC. ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	CROP					
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4,5)	Peanuts	Soybeans	Sunflowers
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Orthere® 75 S OR Orthere 97	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.33 to 1.33 lbs. OR 0.25 to 1 lb.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 0.33 to 1.33 lbs. OR 0.25 to 1 lb.	1%		X	X	X		
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Orthere 90 S ⁽⁶⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.25 to 1 lb.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 0.25 to 1 lb.	1%		X	X	X	X	
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Danito® 2.4 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz. + 10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		X		X		

(continued on next page)

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUTS (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEANS, AND SUNFLOWERS *(continued)*

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONC. ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	CROP					
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES		Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4,5)	Peanuts	Soybeans	Sunflowers
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Asana XL®	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Asana XL label	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Asana XL label	1%						X
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Warrior®	6 to 8 fl. oz. + Refer to Warrior label	8 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Warrior label	1%						X
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Warrior	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to Warrior label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Warrior label	1%	X					
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Baythroid®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to Baythroid label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Baythroid label	1%	X					
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Dimethoate®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to Dimethoate label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Dimethoate label	1%	X					
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Lorsban®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to Lorsban label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Lorsban label	1 to 2 pts. ⁽⁸⁾	X					
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + Pounce®	10 to 16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ + Refer to Pounce label	10 to 16 fl. oz. + Refer to Pounce label	1%	X					

- (1) If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- (2) Refer to the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and insecticide label for rates, weeds, and insects controlled.
- (3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- (4) Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.
- (5) The Arrow 2 EC Herbicide rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1 to 2 pts./A.
- (6) Insecticide tank mix use with Orthene 90S in soybeans is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration for Orthene 90S use in soybeans.
- (7) The Arrow 2 EC Herbicide rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.
- (8) For the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Lorsban tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1 pt./A when the Lorsban rate is 1 pt./A or higher.

Table 17. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUNDUP-READY® VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP-READY SOYBEANS WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIX

Roundup-Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	Arrow 2 EC Herbicide Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations <u>with</u> built-in adjuvant	Adjuvant
< 12	4	1 to 2 lbs. ai/A (Approximately equivalent to 22 to 44 fl. oz./A of Roundup Weather Max)	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier.
12 to 18	5		
18 to 24	6		
Roundup-Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	Arrow 2 EC Herbicide Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations <u>without</u> built-in adjuvant	Adjuvant
< 12	4	Up to 2 lbs. ai/A (Equivalent to 32 to 64 fl. oz./A of Roundup Original)	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier.
12 to 18	5		
18 to 24	6		

⁽¹⁾ Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup-Ready soybean.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exists a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix Arrow 2 EC Herbicide when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- This tank mix may be applied postemergence to Roundup-Ready soybeans up through the full flowering stage. Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.
- Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybeans with the Roundup-Ready gene as severe injury or destruction will result.
- Do not allow the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Roundup to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants, or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

FALLOW LAND

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be tank mixed with 2,4-D Ester or Banvel SGF Herbicide for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A Arrow 2 EC Herbicide.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height as specified by the **RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES** section of this label.
- Annual grasses which emerge after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application will not be controlled and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than one application in non-tilled areas.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads, or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to drought-stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for two weeks prior to or after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽²⁾	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide + 2,4-D Ester OR Banvel SGF	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. per acre OR See Banvel SGF label for rates.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v	

- ⁽¹⁾ Refer to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label for weed height and species control. Review Banvel SGF Herbicide and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates, and weeds controlled.
- ⁽²⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE			
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height chart above.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	12	16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide for grass suppression. • Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume. 			

**ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE
IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS**

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		WEED STAGE
		COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>	4 to 6 in. (40 to 60% green-up)
Adjuvant: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.				

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

- Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.
- Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for two years. Applications of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47 degrees Fahrenheit.

**ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS
IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS**

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	SUPPRESSION	APPLICATION TIMING
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide	1 1/2 to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>)	50 to 90% Tall Fescue green-up
Adjuvant: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.			

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

- Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.
- Use the higher Arrow 2 EC Herbicide rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.
- Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.
- Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.
- 2,4-D Ester may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D Ester label for weeds controlled).
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is registered for use in that crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide has investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
ALDER, RED	<i>Alnus oregona</i>	GOLDEN CHAIN TREE	<i>Laburnum anagyroides</i>
ASH	<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.	MAPLES	<i>Acer</i> spp.
BASSWOOD	<i>Tilia</i> spp.	MULBERRY, WHITE	<i>Morus alba</i>
BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE	<i>Betula pendula</i>	OAKS	<i>Quercus</i> spp.
BIRCH, RIVER	<i>Betula nigra</i>	OLIVE, WILD	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
BIRCH, WHITE	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	REDBUD, EASTERN	<i>Cercis canadensis</i>
CRABAPPLE, FLOWERING	<i>Malus halliana</i>	SWEET GUM, AMERICAN	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
DOGWOOD, FLOWERING	<i>Cornus florida</i>		

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
AGERATUM	<i>Ageratum</i> spp.	JASMINE TOBACCO	<i>Nicotiana glauca</i>
ALYSSUM*, SWEET	<i>Lobularia maritima</i>	LOOSESTRIFE	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
ASPARAGUS FERN	<i>Asparagus setaceus</i>	MARIGOLD	<i>Tagetes</i> spp.
BLEEDING HEART	<i>Dicentra spectabilis</i>	PARTRIDGEBERRY	<i>Mitchella repens</i>
CAST IRON PLANT	<i>Aspidistra elatior</i>	PETUNIA*	<i>Petunia hybrida</i>
CHRYSANTHEMUM	<i>Chrysanthemum</i> spp.	PHLOX	<i>Phlox</i> spp.
CINQUEFOIL	<i>Potentilla</i> spp.	PINKS	<i>Dianthus</i> spp.
COLEUS	<i>Coleus</i> spp.	PORTULACA	<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i>
CORALBELLS	<i>Heuchera sanguinea</i>	SALVIA	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
CRANESBILL	<i>Geranium</i> spp.	SAXIFRAGE	<i>Saxifraga</i> spp.
DAHLIA	<i>Dahlia</i> spp.	SEDUM	<i>Sedum</i> spp.
DAISY, AFRICAN	<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>	SELLOUM	<i>Philodendron selloum</i>
DAYLILY	<i>Hemerocallis</i> spp.	SNAPDRAGON*	<i>Antirrhinum majus</i>
DUSTY MILLER	<i>Senecio cineraria</i>	SWEET FLAG	<i>Acorus gramineus</i>
EUONYMUS	<i>Euonymus</i> spp.	TICKSEED	<i>Coreopsis grandiflora</i>
GAZANIA	<i>Gazania</i> spp.	TOUCH-ME-NOT	<i>Impatiens</i> spp.
GERANIUM, HOUSE	<i>Pelargonium hortorum</i>	VERBENA	<i>Verbena</i> spp.
HEATHER, FALSE	<i>Cuphea hyssopifolia</i>	VIOLET	<i>Viola</i> spp.
HOSTA	<i>Hosta fortunei</i>	YARROW, COMMON	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>
IRIS	<i>Iris</i> spp.	ZINNIA	<i>Zinnia elegans</i>

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
BUGLEWEED, CARPET	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>	MONEYWORT	<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i>
IVY, ENGLISH	<i>Hedera helix</i>	MONDO GRASS, WHITE	<i>Ophiopogon jaburan</i>
JAPANESE SPURGE	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>	MONDO GRASS, DWARF	<i>Ophiopogon japonicus</i>
LILYTURF	<i>Liriope muscari</i>	PERIWINKLE, LESSER	<i>Vinca minor</i>

SHRUBS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
ABELIA	<i>Abelia</i> spp.	JASMINE, STAR	<i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i>
ANISE, PURPLE	<i>Illicium floridanum</i>		
AUCUBA	<i>Aucuba</i> spp.	JUNIPER	<i>Juniperus</i> spp.
AZALEA*	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.	LANTANA	<i>Lantana</i> spp.
BAMBOO	<i>Bambusa</i> spp.	NANDINA* BAMBOO, HEAVENLY	<i>Nandinia domestica</i>
BARBERRY, JAPANESE	<i>Berberis thunbergii</i>		
BARBERRY, MAGELLAN	<i>Berberis buxifolia</i>	OLEANDER, COMMON	<i>Nerium oleander</i>
BAYBERRY	<i>Myrica pensylvanica</i>	OREGON GRAPE	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>
BOTTLEBRUSH	<i>Callistemon citrinus</i>	PHOTINIA	<i>Photinia</i> spp.
BOXWOOD, COMMON	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	PITTOSPORUM	<i>Pittosporum</i> spp.
CAMELLIA, COMMON	<i>Camellia japonica</i>	PODOCARPUS	<i>Podocarpus</i> spp.
CANDYTUFT	<i>Iberis sempervirens</i>	PRIVET	<i>Ligustrum</i> spp.
CLEYERA	<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	PYRACANTHA	<i>Pyracantha</i> spp.
CORALBERRY	<i>Ardisia crenata</i>	RHODODENDRON	<i>Rhododendron</i> spp.
CRAPE MYRTLE	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>	ROSE	<i>Rosa</i> spp.
COYOTE BRUSH	<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>	SPIREA	<i>Spiraea bumalda</i>
FIG, CREEPING	<i>Ficus pumila</i>	SWEET OLIVE	<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>
GARDENIA	<i>Gardenia</i> spp.	TEA OLIVE	<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>
HOLLY	<i>Ilex</i> spp.	VIBURNUM	<i>Viburnum tinus</i>
HONEYSUCKLE	<i>Lonicera pileata</i>	WISTERIA	<i>Wisteria</i> spp.
INDIAN HAWTHORN	<i>Raphiolepis indica</i>	YELLOW SAGE/ SHRUB VERBENA	<i>Lantana camara</i>
JASMINE	<i>Jasminum</i> spp.		
JASMINE, ASIATIC	<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>		

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
BARNYARDGRASS	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	2 to 8	8	16
BROADLEAF SIGNALGRASS	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	2 to 6	8	16
BROME				
California	<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Cheatgrass	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	2 to 6	8	16
CANARYGRASS	<i>Phalaris canariensis</i>	1 to 4	8	16
CRABGRASS				
Hairy	<i>Digitaria adscendens</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
Southern	<i>Digitaria ciliaris</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
CROWFOOTGRASS	<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptium</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
FALL PANICUM	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	2 to 8	8	16
FIELD SANDBUR	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>	2 to 6	8	16

(continued on next page)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS *(continued)*

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
FOXTAIL				
Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>	2 to 12	8	16
Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>	2 to 8	8	16
Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>	2 to 8	8	16
FOXTAIL BARLEY	<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
GOOSEGRASS	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	2 to 6**	8	16
ITCHGRASS	<i>Rottboellia exaltata</i>	2 to 6	8	16
JUNGLERICE	<i>Echinochloa colona</i>	2 to 6	8	16
LOVEGRASS (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
RABBITSFOOTGRASS	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	1 to 4	8	16
RED RICE	<i>Oryza sativa</i>	1 to 3	8	16
RYEGRASS				
Hardy	<i>Lolium remotum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Italian	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>	4 to 10	8	16
SHATTERCANE	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	6 to 18	8	16

(continued on next page)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS (continued)

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
SOUTHWESTERN CUPGRASS	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
SPRANGLETOP				
Amazon	<i>Leptochloa panicoides</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Bearded	<i>Leptochloa fascicularis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Mexican	<i>Leptochloa uninervia</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>	2 to 6	8	16
TEXAS PANICUM	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
VOLUNTEER CEREALS				
Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>	2 to 6	8	16
Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>	2 to 6	8	16
VOLUNTEER CORN	<i>Zea mays</i>	4 to 12	6	8
VOLUNTEER CORN	<i>Zea mays</i>	12 to 24	8	16
VOLUNTEER GRAIN SORGHUM	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>	8 to 12	8	16
WILD OATS	<i>Avena fatua</i>	2 to 6	8	16
WILD PROSO MILLET	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>	2 to 10	8	16
WITCHGRASS	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	2 to 8	8	16
WOOLLY CUPGRASS	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>	2 to 8	8	16

* Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

** Length of lateral growth.

(1) 8 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

(2) 16 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

- Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

**RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL
WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE IN ORNAMENTALS**

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE
ANNUAL BLUEGRASS (<i>Poa annua</i>)	to 4-leaf	6	16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s). • Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass. • Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature. • Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). 			

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Quackgrass (<i>Agropyron repens</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

(1) 8 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

(2) 16 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

- Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with clethodim only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT 1-800-535-5053.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.**

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

BANVEL® – Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
BASAGRAN® – Reg. TM of BASF AG
BAYTHROID® – Reg. TM of Bayer Corporation
BETAMIX® – Reg. TM of The Aventis Group
BETANEX® – Reg. TM of The Aventis Group
BLAZER® – Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
BUCTRIL® – Reg. TM of Rhone-Poulenc
CLASSIC® – Reg. TM of E.I. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc.
COBRA® – Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
DANITOL® – Reg. TM of Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.
DUAL®, DUAL II® and DUAL MAGNUM® – Reg. TMs of Novartis Crop Protection, Inc.
FIRSTRATE® – Reg. TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC
FLEXSTAR® – Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products
FRONTROW™ – TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC
GALAXY® – Reg. TM of BASF AG
IMI-CORN® – Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co.
LIBERTY LINK® – Reg. TM of The Aventis Group
LORSBAN® – Reg. TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC
ORTHENE® – Reg. TM of OMS Investments, Inc.
POUNCE® – Reg. TM of FMC Corporation
PROWL® – Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co.
PURSUIT® and PURSUIT DG® – Reg. TMs of American Cyanamid Co.
RAPTOR® – Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co.
REFLEX® – Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products
RESOURCE® – Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
ROUNDUP-READY® and ROUNDUP ULTRA® – Reg. TMs of Monsanto Company
SELECT® – Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
SENCOR® – Reg. TM of Bayer Corporation
STINGER® – Reg. TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC
STORM® – Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
SYNCHRONY® STS™ – Reg. TM and TM of E.I. duPont de Nemours & Co. Inc.
WARRIOR® – Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products